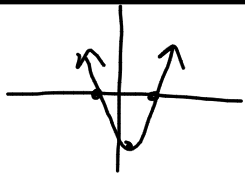
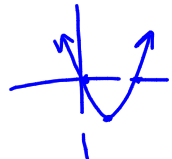
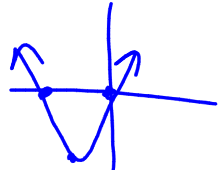
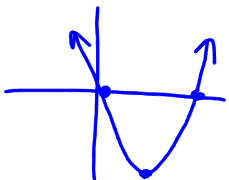
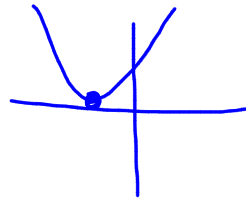
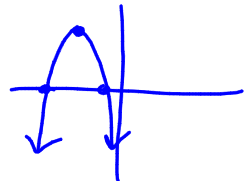


3.6 Factored Form

Use graphing technology

Investigate:

Graph the equation and note the location of the x-intercepts, axis of symmetry and vertex.

| Equation | x-int. | axis of symmetry | vertex | sketch |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| $y = (x - 4)(x + 2)$ | $x = 4$ (4,0) $x = -2$ (-2,0) | $\frac{4 + (-2)}{2} = 1$ $x = 1$ | Sub $x = 1$ $y = (1-4)(1+2)$ $= (-3)(3)$ $= -9$ $(1, -9)$ |  |
| $y = 0.5(x - 5)(x - 1)$ | (5,0) (1,0) | $x = \frac{5+1}{2} = 3$ | Sub $x = 3$ $y = 0.5(-2)(2)$ $= -2$ $v(3, -2)$ |  |
| $y = 2x(x + 4)$ | (-4,0) (0,0) | $x = -2$ | (-2, -8) |  |
| $y = (x - 2)(x - 7)$ | (2,0) (7,0) | $x = \frac{9}{2}$ | $(\frac{9}{2}, -\frac{25}{4})$ |  |
| $y = (x + 4)(x + 4)$ | (-4,0) | $x = -4$ | (-4,0) |  |
| $y = -3(x + 2)(x + 5)$ | (-2,0) (-5,0) | $x = -\frac{7}{2}$ | $(-\frac{7}{2}, \frac{27}{4})$ |  |

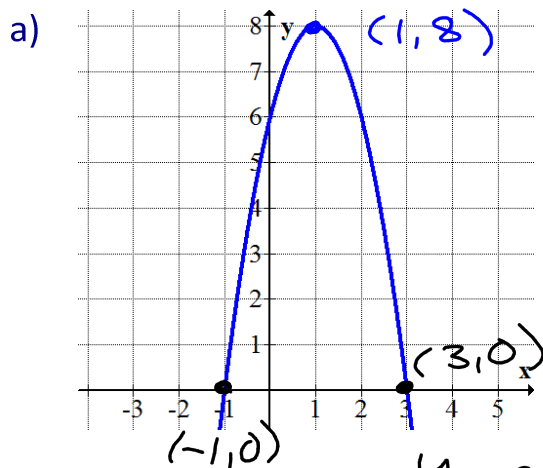
Summary:

$$y = a(x - r)(x - s)$$

same "a" as vertex form

- represents an equation in FACTORED form
- the x-intercepts, or zeros, are r and s
- the axis of symmetry is between the x-intercepts $x = \frac{r+s}{2}$
- the x-coordinate of the vertex is the value of the axis of symmetry
- find the y-coordinate of the vertex by substituting the x-coordinate of the vertex in the equation

Ex. 1 Determine the equation of the parabola in factored form. Algebraically determine the value of 'a'.



$$y = a(x - r)(x - s)$$

$$y = a(x + 1)(x - 3)$$

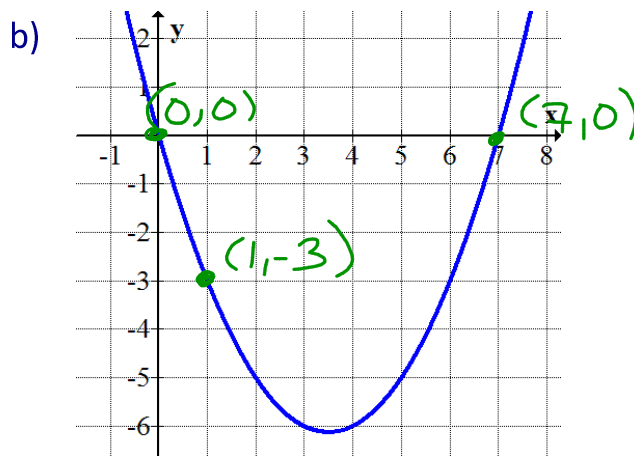
$$8 = a(1 + 1)(1 - 3)$$

$$8 = a(2)(-2)$$

$$8 = a(-4)$$

$$-2 = a$$

$$\therefore y = -2(x + 1)(x - 3)$$



$$y = a(x - 7)(x)$$

$$-3 = a(1 - 7)(1)$$

$$-3 = a(-6)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = a$$

$$\therefore y = \frac{1}{2}(x - 7)(x)$$

Ex. 2 Sketch each parabola. Label the x-intercepts and the vertex.

a) $y = (x-3)(x+5)$

$x = 3$ & $x = -5$

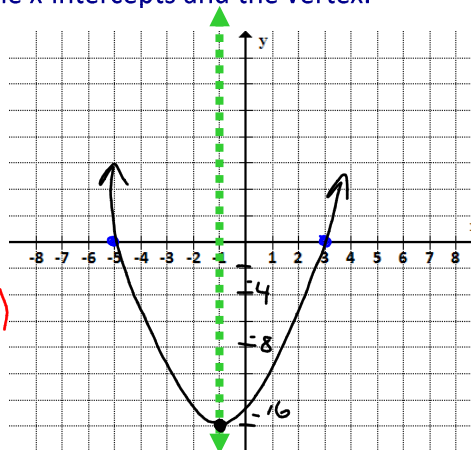
A.O.S.

$$x = \frac{-5+3}{2} = -1$$

Find y

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Sub } x = -1 \\ y &= (-1-3)(-1+5) \\ &= (-4)(4) \\ &= -16 \end{aligned}$$

$V(-1, -16)$



b) $y = -0.3(x+2)(x+5)$

$x = -2$ & $x = -5$

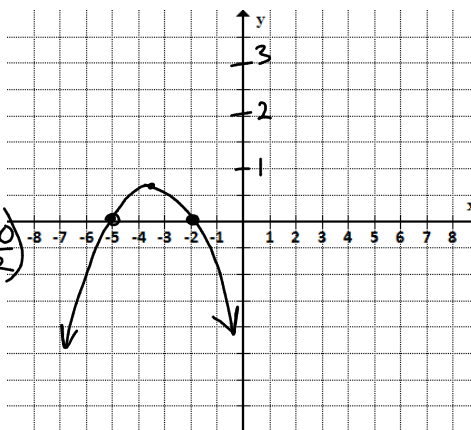
A.O.S.

$$x = \frac{-2-5}{2} = -\frac{7}{2}$$

Sub $x = -\frac{7}{2}$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -0.3\left(-\frac{7}{2} + \frac{4}{2}\right)\left(-\frac{7}{2} + \frac{10}{2}\right) \\ &= -0.3\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) \\ &= 0.675 \end{aligned}$$

$V(-3.5, 0.675)$



c) $y = -\frac{1}{2}(x-1)(x+6)$

$x = 1$ & $x = -6$

A.O.S.

$$x = \frac{1+(-6)}{2} = -\frac{5}{2}$$

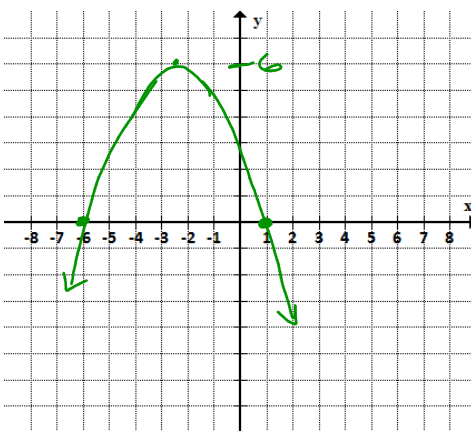
Sub $x = -\frac{5}{2}$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{5}{2}-1\right)\left(-\frac{5}{2}+6\right)$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{5}{2}-\frac{2}{2}\right)\left(-\frac{5}{2}+\frac{12}{2}\right)$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{7}{2}\right)\left(\frac{7}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{49}{8}$$



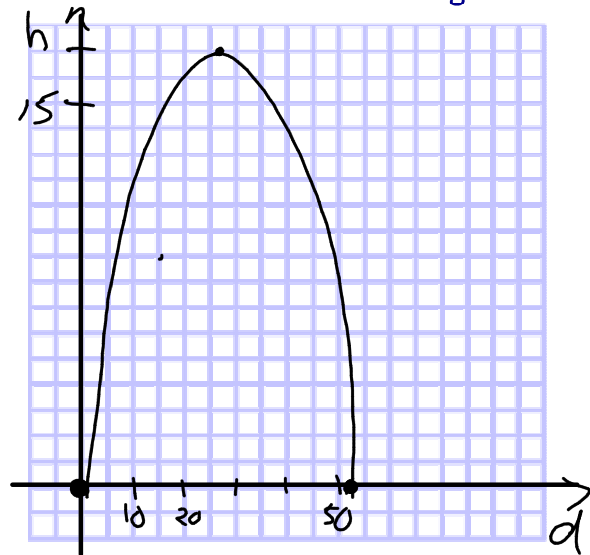
Ex. 3 Chris kicked a ball from the ground. It travelled a horizontal distance of 52 m and reached a maximum height of 17 m.

a) Draw a sketch of the relation between horizontal distance and height.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{A.O.S.} \\ x &= \frac{0+52}{2} \\ &= 26 \end{aligned}$$

$$v(26, 17)$$

↑
Given



b) Determine the equation of the relation in factored form.

$$y = a(x-r)(x-s)$$

$$y = a(x-0)(x-52)$$

Sub in $v(26, 17)$

$$17 = a(26-0)(26-52)$$

$$17 = a(26)(-26)$$

$$17 = a(-676)$$

$$-\frac{17}{676} = a$$

$$\therefore y = -\frac{17}{676}(x)(x-52)$$

Your Turn

